A trait for implicit lifetime types

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Abstract

C++20 introduced the notion of implicit-lifetime types. There are certain operations that are only valid for such types. We therefore need a way to check whether a type is implicit-lifetime, and constrain on this property. This paper proposes a new type trait `std::is_implicit_lifetime` to achieve this.

1 Motivation

C++20 introduced the notion of implicit-lifetime types [P0593R6]. This notion is defined in [basic.types.general]/9:

Scalar types, implicit-lifetime class types ([class.prop]), array types, and cv-qualified versions of these types are collectively called *implicit-lifetime types*.

and in [class.prop]/9:

A class `S` is an *implicit-lifetime class* if

— it is an aggregate or
— it has at least one trivial eligible constructor and a trivial non-deleted destructor.

There are certain operations that are only valid for implicit-lifetime types. In particular, in certain situations the lifetime of an object of implicit-lifetime type can be implicitly started by operations such as `malloc`, where otherwise the code would be undefined behaviour due to a violation of the C++ object lifetime rules. Additionally, in C++23 we are adding the possibility to start the lifetime of such objects explicitly with `std::start_lifetime_as<T>` [P2590R2].

Unfortunately, C++ lacks the ability to programmatically check whether a type is an implicit-lifetime type, and to constrain functions using such operations to only be valid for such types. This is particularly important to help catch a possible regression: if a type that was once implicit-lifetime mistakenly loses that property as a part of a change, this silently turns previously correct code into undefined behaviour.

To fix this issue, this paper proposes to add the type trait `std::is_implicit_lifetime<T>`. This resolves NB comment GB-089 for C++23.

In addition, the proposed type trait will be very useful for adding container support for implicit lifetime types [P1010R1].
2 Implementation considerations

With the definition of implicit-lifetime type that is currently in the C++ working paper [N4917], it is possible to implement such a type trait as follows:

```cpp
template<typename T>
struct is_implicit_lifetime : std::disjunction<
    std::is_scalar<T>,
    std::is_array<T>,
    std::is_aggregate<T>,
    std::conjunction<
        std::is_trivially_destructible<T>,
        std::disjunction<
            std::is_trivially_default_constructible<T>,
            std::is_trivially_copy_constructible<T>,
            std::is_trivially_move_constructible<T>>>> {};
```

However, with the planned resolution of [CWG2605], which is necessary to fix an issue with implicit-lifetime aggregates, the definition of implicit-lifetime class will change as follows in C++23:

A class S is an implicit-lifetime class if

— it is an aggregate whose destructor is not user-provided or
— it has at least one trivial eligible constructor and a trivial non-deleted destructor.

With this new definition, it will be impossible for users to implement this type trait themselves, because it is impossible to programmatically check whether the destructor of an aggregate class is user-provided. Therefore, the only option we see is to add the type trait to the C++ standard library, and to implement it there as a "magic" metafunction.

3 Proposed wording

The proposed changes are relative to the C++ working paper [N4917].

In [meta.type.synop], add:

```cpp
// [meta.unary.prop], type properties
template<class T> struct is_implicit_lifetime;

template<class T>
inline constexpr bool is_implicit_lifetime_v = is_implicit_lifetime<T>::value;
```

In [meta.unary.prop], add a row to Table 48:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Template</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Preconditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>template&lt;class T&gt;</td>
<td>T is an implicit-lifetime type</td>
<td>T shall be an array type, a complete type, or cv void.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>struct is_implicit_lifetime;</td>
<td>[basic.types.general].</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Insert the following to [version.syn], header <version> synopsis:

```cpp
#define __cpp_lib_is_implicit_lifetime 20XXXXL // also in <type_traits>
```
References


