

## Proposal for C2Y WG14 N3233

**Title:** Recommendation for `printf` rounding  
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**Proposal category:** Editorial  
**Reference:** N3219

The recommended practice in 7.23.6.1 (`fprintf`) recommends correct rounding up to a threshold of  $M$  decimal digits for the result, with a looser specification for more than  $M$  digits. With this looser specification, increasing the number of output digits could produce a less accurate result: a conversion to  $S$  digits could be less accurate than the conversion of the same input to  $R$  digits where  $M \leq R < S$ . This issue was raised to CFP by Vincent Lefevre:

- > Let's take an example:  $M = 6$ ,  $x = 1.2345678$ , and rounding to nearest.
- >
- > If the number of significant decimal digits is 6, then the RP says
- > that the correctly rounded value 1.23457 should be output.
- >
- > If the number of significant decimal digits is 7, then one considers
- >  $L = 1.23456$  and  $U = 1.23457$ . According to the RP, 1.234560 is one of
- > the possible recommended outputs, since  $1.23456 \leq 1.234560 \leq 1.23457$ .
- >
- > Conclusion: By increasing the number of output digits, one has
- > decreased the accuracy!
- >
- > And this can be the case for any number of decimal digits greater
- > than  $M$ .
- > IMHO, for rounding to nearest on more than  $M$  digits, there should
- > be an additional requirement: the error should not be larger than
- > the one for  $M$  digits. With this rule, it is still possible to use
- > the correctly rounded value on  $M$  digits and pad with zeros.
- >
- > Note that this is a recommendation: if the error is slightly larger
- > than recommended because the algorithm attempts to round correctly
- > for almost all cases, this is not an issue.

The same issue is in 7.31.2.1 (`fwprintf`).

The following suggested changes address this issue.

**Suggested changes (to N3219):**

In 7.23.6.1 #13 and in 7.31.2.1 #13, change

the value of the resultant decimal string  $D$  should satisfy  $L \leq D \leq U$ , with the extra stipulations that the error should have a correct sign for the current rounding direction and that increasing the number of decimal digits for the result should not decrease the accuracy of the result.