Update Annex E onto Unicode 15.1

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Abstract

Update the non-normative Annex E to reflect Unicode 15.1 in order to close Core Issue [CWG2843].

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1 Introduction

"Unicode Standard Annex #31: Unicode Identifiers and Syntax" for Unicode 15.1 [UAX31-15.1:online] clarifies some of the rules for identifiers and white space syntax. This paper proposes no normative changes in either area. It simply updates the current Annex E to match the forms used in Unicode Annex 31 as of Unicode 15.1 [unicode_15_1]. See also the differences from Unicode 14 as marked up in [UAX31-15.1-DIFF:online]

2 Proposal

Strike the reference to R1a Restricted Format Characters. Note that as of Unicode 15.1, U+200D ZERO WIDTH JOINER and U+200C ZERO WIDTH NON-JOINER are part of XID_Continue, and allowed in identifiers.

Replace individual disclaimed conformance points with blanket disclaimer as the conformance list is open ended.

3 Wording

The proposed changes are relative to [N5008]. Update Annex E as follows.

♦.1 General

¹ This Annex describes the choices made in application of UAX #31 ("Unicode Identifier and Pattern Syntax") to C++ in terms of the requirements from UAX #31 and how they do or do not apply to this document. In terms of UAX #31, this document conforms by meeting the requirements R1 "Default Identifiers" and R4 "Equivalent Normalized Identifiers" from UAX #31. The other requirements from UAX #31, also listed below, are either alternatives not taken or do not apply to this document.

♦.2 R1 Default identifiers

♦.♦.1 General

¹ UAX #31 specifies a default syntax for identifiers based on properties from the Unicode Character Database, UAX #44. The general syntax is

<Identifier> := <Start> <Continue>* (<Medial> <Continue>+)*

where <Start> has the XID_Start property, <Continue> has the XID_Continue property, and <Medial> is a list of characters permitted between continue characters. For C++ we add the character U+005F LOW LINE, or _, to the set of permitted <Start> characters, the <Medial> set is empty, and the <Continue> characters are unmodified. In the grammar used in UAX #31, this is

```
<Identifier> := <Start> <Continue>*
<Start> := XID_Start + @\textrm{\ucode{005f}}@
<Continue> := <Start> + XID_Continue
```

² This is described in the C⁺⁺ grammar in 5.11, where *identifier* is formed from *identifier-start* or *identifier* followed by identifier-continue.

•.•.2 **R1a Restricted format characters**

¹ The clause R1a has been removed from UAX #31.

The characters that were added when meeting this requirement are now part of the default; the contextual checks required by this requirement remain as part of the General Security Profile in Unicode Technical Standard #39, "Unicode Security Mechanisms".

9.9.3 R1a Restricted format characters

- ¹ If an implementation of UAX #31 wishes to allow format characters such as U+200D ZERO WIDTH JOINER or U+200C ZERO WIDTH NON-JOINER it must define a profile allowing them, or describe precisely which combinations are permitted.
- ² C⁺⁺ does not allow format characters in identifiers, so this does not apply.

•.•.4 R1b Stable identifiers

- ¹ An implementation of UAX #31 may choose to guarantee that identifiers are stable across versions of the Unicode Standard. Once a string qualifies as an identifier it does so in all future versions.
- ² C⁺⁺ does not make this guarantee, except to the extent that UAX #31 guarantees the stability of the XID_Start and XID_Continue properties.

•.3 R2 Immutable identifiers

- ¹ An implementation may choose to guarantee that the set of identifiers will never change by fixing the set of code points allowed in identifiers forever.
- ² C⁺⁺ does not choose to make this guarantee. As scripts are added to Unicode, additional characters in those scripts may become available for use in identifiers.

•.4 R3 Pattern_White_Space and Pattern_Syntax characters

- ¹ UAX #31 describes how formal languages such as computer languages should describe and implement their use of whitespace and syntactically significant characters during the processes of lexing and parsing.
- ² This document does not claim conformance with this requirement from UAX #31.

[uaxid.general]

[uaxid.def]

[uaxid.def.rfmt]

[uaxid.def.rfmt]

[uaxid.def.stable]

[uaxid.immutable]

[uaxid.pattern]

[uaxid.def.general]

2

�.5 R4 Equivalent normalized identifiers

- ¹ UAX #31 requires that implementations describe how identifiers are compared and considered equivalent.
- ² This document requires that identifiers be in Normalization Form C and therefore identifiers that compare the same under NFC are equivalent. This is described in 5.11.

•.6 Requirements of UAX #31 for which no claims are made

UAX #31 version 15.1 has conformance requirements which either do not apply to C++ or which this document makes no claim about.

- R2. Immutable Identifiers
- R3. Pattern_White_Space and Pattern_Syntax Characters
- R5. Equivalent Case-Insensitive Identifiers
- R6. Filtered Normalized Identifiers
- R7. Filtered Case-Insensitive Identifiers
- R8. Hashtag Identifiers

This document also makes no claim about additional conformance points in any versions of UAX #31 in versions after 15.1.

•.7 R5 Equivalent case-insensitive identifiers

¹ This document considers case to be significant in identifier comparison, and does not do any case folding. This requirement from UAX #31 does not apply to this document.

•.8 R6 Filtered normalized identifiers

- ¹ If any characters are excluded from normalization, UAX #31 requires a precise specification of those exclusions.
- ² This document does not make any such exclusions.

9.9 R7 Filtered case-insensitive identifiers

¹ C⁺⁺ identifiers are case sensitive, and therefore this requirement from UAX #31 does not apply.

♦.10 R8 Hashtag identifiers

¹ There are no hashtags in C++, so this requirement from UAX #31 does not apply.

[uaxid.nonobservance]

[uaxid.filter]

[uaxid.eqci]

[uaxid.filterci]

[uaxid.hashtag]

[uaxid.eqn]

4 Impact on the standard

No normative change. Modifies non-normative text describing the conformance points with the Unicode Identifier standard.

Document history

— Initial

- Rework of P3717R0 on Unicode 15.1

References

- [CWG2843] Jonathan Wakely. CWG2843: Undated reference to unicode makes c++ a moving target. https: //wg21.link/cwg2843, 1 2024.
- [N5008] Thomas Köppe. N5008: Working draft, programming languages c++. https://wg21.link/ n5008, 3 2025.
- [UAX31-15.1-DIFF:online] Mark Davis and Robin Leroy. Unicode identifiers and syntax. https://www.unicode.org/reports/tr31/tr31-38.html, 08 2023. (Accessed on 2025-05-31).
- [UAX31-15.1:online] Mark Davis and Robin Leroy. Unicode identifiers and syntax. https://www.unicode.org/reports/tr31/tr31-39.html, 09 2023. (Accessed on 05/31/2025).
- [unicode_15_1] The Unicode Consortium. The unicode standard, version 15.1. https://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode15.1.0/, 2023.