

Proposal for C2x
WG14 N2554

Title: Minor attribute wording cleanups
Author: Aaron Ballman
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Proposal category: Editorial & Bug Fixes
Target audience: People reading the standard

Abstract: Proposes minor editorial changes and small bug fixes to the attribute wording, based on feedback from the community.

Minor attribute wording cleanups

Reply-to: Aaron Ballman (aaron@aaronballman.com)

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Summary of Changes

N2554

- N2527 was adopted at the August 2020 virtual meeting with the `for` loop *clause-1* changes removed to a separate paper. This paper removes those changes but makes no further modifications.

N2527

- Clarify that attributes have name spaces.
- Correct the grammar for `for` loops to allow attributes in the *clause-1* position.

N2482

- Original proposal.

Introduction

Now that attributes have been added to the working draft, implementers are starting to update their implementations accordingly. Through this process, some issues have been identified where the wording in the standard could be clarified. This proposal is an omnibus paper to clarify the wording in the standard without modifying the intent.

Proposed Wording

The wording proposed is a diff from WG14 N2478. **Green** text is new text, while **red** text is deleted text.

Clarify that attributes have their own name spaces

Modify 6.2.3p1:

If more than one declaration of a particular identifier is visible at any point in a translation unit, the syntactic context disambiguates uses that refer to different entities. Thus, there are separate *name spaces* for various categories of identifiers, as follows:

- *label names* (disambiguated by the syntax of the label declaration and use);
- the *tags* of structures, unions, and enumerations (disambiguated by following any³⁴⁾ of the keywords **struct**, **union**, or **enum**);
- the *members* of structures or unions; each structure or union has a separate name space for its members (disambiguated by the type of the expression used to access the member via the `.` or `->` operator);
- **standard attributes and attribute prefixes (disambiguated by the syntax of the attribute specifier and name of the attribute token) (6.7.11);**
- **the trailing identifier in an attribute prefixed token; each attribute prefix has a separate name space**

for the implementation-defined attributes that it introduces (disambiguated by the attribute prefix and the trailing identifier token);

— all other identifiers, called *ordinary identifiers* (declared in ordinary declarators or as enumeration constants).

Clarify what an attribute appertains to in a declaration

Modify 6.7.6p5:

If, in the declaration "**T D1**", **D1** has the form

*identifier attribute-specifier-sequence*_{opt}

then the type specified for *ident* is *T* and the optional attribute specifier sequence appertains to ~~D1~~the entity that is declared.

Allow `[[nodiscard]]` to be applied to a function regardless of the syntactic form of its declaration

Modify 6.7.11.2p1:

The `nodiscard` attribute shall be applied to the identifier in a function ~~declarator~~declaration or to the definition of a structure, union, or enumeration type. It shall appear at most once in each attribute list and no attribute argument clause shall be present.

Disallow declarations following a `[[fallthrough]]` attribute

Modify 6.7.11.5p1:

The attribute token `fallthrough` shall only appear in an attribute declaration (6.7); such a declaration is a *fallthrough declaration*. The attribute token `fallthrough` shall appear at most once in each attribute list and no attribute argument clause shall be present. A `fallthrough` declaration may only appear within an enclosing `switch` statement (6.8.4.2). The next ~~statement~~block item (6.8.2) that would be ~~executed~~encountered after a `fallthrough` declaration shall be a labeled statement whose label is a `case` label or `default` label for the same `switch` statement.

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