# ISO/IEC JTC1/SC22/WG20 N952

# Korea JTC1/SC22 (SC22-WG20) Doc #: K151

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Subject: Problems with the current CTT of ISO/IEC 14651 RE Hangeul

Summary: Some problems with the current CTT (Common Template Table) of ISO/IEC 14651 RE Hangeul are discussed and possible solutions are suggested.

# 1. Five categories of Hangeul letters/syllables in UCS

	letters	syllables
1) Hangeul IPF-Johab letters - U+11xx (U+1100 - 11FF)	240	
2) Hangeul Wanseong syllables - U+A/B/C/Dxxx (U+ACOO - D7A3)		11,172
3) Hangeul Compatibility CV-Johab letters - U+31xx (U+3131 - 318E)	94	
4) Hangeul Half-width CV-Johab letters U+FFxx (U+FFAO - FFDC)	52	
5) Hangeul Enclosed (Parenthesized /Circled) syllables/letters) U+32xx (U+3200-321C, 3260-327B)	28	29

<sup>\*</sup> IPF=initial-peak-final, CV=consonant-vowel

# 2. Problems with the current CTT of ISO/IEC 14651 RE Hangeul

# 2.1 Hangeul Compatibility CV-Johab (U+31xx)

#### 2.1.1 A Problem with the current CTT RE Compatibility CV-Johab

### 1) A problem with Letters

- e.g., a letter "7": U+3131, which will be transformed by CTT as follows:
  - --> <S1100>; <BASE>; <COMPAT>; <U3131> % HANGUL LETTER KIYEOK
- In constrast, it is not the same as a letter "7 " in IPF-Johab  $\langle \text{U1100}\rangle$   $\langle \text{U1160}\rangle,$  which will be transformed by CTT as follows:
  - --> <S1100> <S1160>; <BASE> <BASE>;<MIN> <MIN>; <U1100><U1160>
- As a result, the two will not compare equal even at level 1, which is incorrect.

## 2) A problem with Syllables

- e.g., a syllable "7\": U+3164 3131 314F 3164 U+3131, which will be transformed by CTT as follows:

<S1160><S1100><S1161><S1160>; <BASE><BASE><BASE><BASE>;
<COMPAT><COMPAT><COMPAT><COMPAT>; <U3164><U3131><U314F><U3164>;

- In constrast, it is not the same as a letter "7 " in IPF-Johab < U1100> < U1161>, which will be transformed by CTT as follows:
  - --> <S1100> <S1161>; <BASE> <BASE>; <MIN> <MIN>; <U1100><U1161>
- As a result, the two will not compare equal even at level 1, which is not correct.

#### 3) The relevant portion of CTT

```
<U1100> <$1100>;<BASE>;<MIN>;<U1100> % HANGUL CHOSEONG KIYEOK
<U1160> <$1160>;<BASE>;<MIN>;<U1160> % HANGUL JUNGSEONG FILLER
<U3131> <$1100>;<BASE>;<COMPAT>;<U3131> % HANGUL LETTER KIYEOK
```

<u314F> <S1161>; <BASE>; <COMPAT>; <U314F> % HANGUL LETTER A <U3164> <S1160>; <BASE>; <COMPAT>; <U3164> % HANGUL FILLER

#### 2.1.2 A proposd solution RE Compatibility CV-Johab letters

- Since filler characters U+115F and U+1160 in IPF-Johab and U+3164 in Compatibility CV-Johab have drastically different usage, a blind transformation in the current CTT produces incorrect results. In other words, CTT does not take into consideration the preceding letters and, therefore, cannot transform Compatibility CV-Johab
- A reasonable solution will be to preprocess Compatibility CV-Johab letters so that they are transformed into IPF-Johab letters and therefore Compatiblity CV-Johab letters should not be processed by CTT.

# 2.2 Hangeul Halfwidth CV-Johab letters (U+FFxx)

## 2.2.1 A Problem with the current CTT RE Halfwidth CV-Johab letters

- The usage of Halfwidth CV-Joahba is different from IPF-Johab or Compatibility CV-Johab letters.
- The problem is somewhat similar to, though not identical with, that of Compatibility CV-Johab letters.
  - The details are not shown here.

#### 2.2.2 A proposd solution RE Halfwidth CV-Johab letters

- A reasonable solution will be to preprocess Halfwidth CV-Johab letters so that they are transformed into IPF-Johab letters and therefore Halfwidth CV-Johab letters should not be processed by CTT.

# 2.3 Enclosed (Parenthesized, Circled) Hangeul letters (U+32xx)

# 2.3.1 Problems with the current CTT RE Enclosed Hangeul letters

1) e.g.,

```
<U3200> --> <S1100>; <BASE>; <COMPAT>; <U3200> % PARENTHESIZED HANGUL KIYEOK
<U3260> --> <S1100>; <BASE>; <CIRCLE>; <U3260> % CIRCLED HANGUL KIYEOK
```

- 2) Independent Hangeul letter KIYEOK is represented in IPF-Johab as U+1110 1160
- Therefore, two enclosed Hangeul letters will not be equal to independent letters at level 1.

#### 2.3.2 A proposd solution RE Enclosed letters

- A reasonable solution will be to change the lines in CTT as follows so that enclosed letters will be equal to independent letters at level 1:

```
<U3200> --> <S1100><S1160>; <BASE><BASE>; <COMPAT> <COMPAT>; <U3200>
% PARENTHESIZED HANGUL KIYEOK
<U3260> --> <S1100><S1160>; <BASE><BASE>; <CIRCLE> <CIRCLE>; <U3260>
% CIRCLED HANGUL KIYEOK
```

# 2.4 Old Hangeul complex letters not included in UCS

- Actually, I am not pointing out problems of CTT; rather, I explain how to treat complex letters not included in UCS.
- Korean scholars claim that they found tens of old complex letters not included in UCS.
- Fact: Although the collating sequence for Modern Hangeul letters are well defined, no well-defined collating sequence for modern and old letters combined exists.
- Complex letters are treated as one unit and, therefore, newly found Old Hangeul complex letters must be defined as collating-element to sort properly: collating-element <Uxxxx\_yyyy> from "<Uxxx><Uyyyy>" collating-element <Uxxxx\_yyyy\_zzzz> from "<Uxxx><Uyyyy><Uzzzz>"

# 2.5 Old Hangeul Tone marks (Bangjeom)

- As mentioned in 2.4 above, there is no widely accepted collating sequence for Old Hangeul letters. Therefore, the way to treat tone marks is not well defined yet either.
  - We need a further investigation.

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