1. MANAGEMENT SUMMARY
1.1. JTC1/SC22/WG21 STATEMENT OF SCOPE

1.2. PROJECT REPORT
1.2.1. COMPLETED PROJECTS


JTC1.22.18822:2014: C++ Extensions for File System

JTC1.22.19216: C++ Extensions for Networking

JTC1.22.19217:2015: C++ Extensions for Concepts

JTC1.22.19568:2015: C++ Extensions for Library Fundamentals


JTC1.22.19570:2015: C++ Extensions for Parallelism

JTC1.22.19570:2018: C++ Extensions for Parallelism, 2nd edition
JTC1.22.19571:2015: C++ Extensions for Concurrency
JTC1.22.19768:2007 Information Technology - Programming Languages Technical Report of Type 2 on C++ Library Extensions (based on ISO/IEC 14882)
JTC1.22.19841:2015: C++ Extensions for Transactional Memory
JTC1.22.21425: C++ Extensions for Ranges
JTC1.22.21544: C++ Extensions for Modules
JTC1.22.22277: C++ Extensions for Coroutines
JTC1.22.24733 Information Technology - Programming Languages Technical Report of Type 2 on Extensions for the programming language C++ to support decimal floating point arithmetic
JTC1.22.29124 Programming Language C++ - International Standard on Special Math Functions

1.2.2. PROJECTS UNDERWAY
See isocpp.org/std/status for a summary of projects underway, including contemplated upcoming ballots.

JTC1.22.14882 - Work is now underway on the next revision, which is targeted for publication in 2023.
JTC1.22.19568: C++ Extensions for Library Fundamentals, 3rd edition - Work is now underway on the next revision, which is targeted for publication in 2022.
JTC1.22.23619: C++ Extensions for Reflection - Pending publication.

1.2.3. CANCELLED PROJECTS
None this period.

1.2.4. COOPERATION and COMPETITION
Where appropriate, WG21 has established liaisons with other SC22 and SC2 liaison organizations' working groups. There is no direct competition with any other current SC22 working group. Occasional overlap with SC22/WG14 (C) is coordinated with regular WG21 liaison.

2. PERIOD REVIEW
2.1. MARKET REQUIREMENTS
ISO C++ remains a widely-used foundation technology, well-received in the marketplace.

Although C++ has long been a consistently popular language, since 2011 in particular it has enjoyed a renewed cycle of growth and investment in tools and platform support across the industry. This was driven primarily by the C++11 standard's completion at the same time as the industry saw a resurgence of interest in performance-efficient, hardware-efficient, and especially power-efficient systems programming capability for mobile devices, cloud data centers, high-performance financial systems, vector and GPGPU computing (via nonstandard extensions to C++ that we are now investigating standardizing), and other major growth sectors and environments.
This new cycle of industry investment in C++ includes, but is not limited to, investment in:

1. tools, such as the advent of a new major C++ implementation in the Clang compiler and other major new products actively competing to fully implement the latest ISO C++ standard;

2. organization, with the establishment of the Standard C++ Foundation trade association in 2012 (see isocpp.org/about);

3. standardization participation, so that meeting attendance is has been growing rapidly (252 experts in February 2020) organized into over 20 active subgroups -- this includes 16 active domain-specific subgroups (e.g., transactional memory, graphics, gaming) that were established since 2012 and have drawn domain experts who did not previously participate in C++ standardization; and

4. faster and more predictable standardization output, with regular releases of the standard every three years along with many concurrent Technical Specifications (14 completed and published from 2014 to 2020).

2.2. ACHIEVEMENTS
Achievements in the past year include the following.

JTC1.22.14882 - Programming Language C++ - This project was delivered by the publishing of ISO/IEC 14882:2020.

JTC1.22.23619: C++ Extensions for Reflection - technical work complete, pending publication.

More Technical Specifications/Reports are expected to be started in the coming year (concurrency 2nd edition). Much of the content in these and the published TSes are likely candidates for inclusion in the next planned revision of IS 14882 in 2023.

2.3. RESOURCES
WG21 has grown considerably over the past three years, which reflects the continued growth and investment in C++ across the industry as noted in 2.1.

In normal (non-pandemic) times: WG21 meets three times per year in co-located technical sessions with the US committee PL22.16. WG21 regularly has experts from 13 national bodies present at meetings, with 20 countries participating in all by attending these meetings or by being involved in the technical discussions that take place over the committee email lists. WG21 has been monitoring the cross-language standards activities, and made use of the ISO/IEC JTC1/SC22 guidelines on extended characters.

Since the pandemic began: WG21 have been meeting via Zoom in both subgroup and plenary sessions. As of this writing, there have been three virtual plenary sessions, and over 200 virtual subgroup sessions, since the start of the pandemic.

Liaisons:

- SC22/WG14 - C
  - Michael Wong (Codeplay, UK)
3. FOCUS NEXT WORK PERIOD

3.1. DELIVERABLES
WG21 is working on the next revision of JTC.22.14882 (IS C++) and progressing other projects as noted in 1.2.2.

3.2. STRATEGIES
WG21 members have been meeting in parallel subgroups and coordinating work between meetings via e-mail lists, teleconferences, and wiki. WG21 is working on revisions to the central IS JTC1.22.14882 on a regular three-year cadence. In addition, WG21 is parallelizing its work products by producing many work items first as Technical Specifications, which enables each independent work item to progress at its own speed and with less friction, and enables more experimental work to progress outside the main standard until it is more mature while still providing a reference for commercial implementations. When ready, these TS’s can then be considered adopted (in whole or in part, and with changes) into the ISO C++ standard.

As of this writing, WG21 has 19 active domain-specific subgroups, focusing on incubating proposals in specific areas, and which meet between WG21 face-to-face meetings via telecon and/or their own face-to-face meetings. These domain-specific groups have directly led to increased participation by leading experts in those domains who had not previously participated in WG21. For a current list of subgroups, see isocpp.org/std/the-committee.

3.3. RISKS
The COVID-19 pandemic has disrupted all WG21 meetings. We have been making increased use virtual meetings instead.

Our next tentatively scheduled WG21 face-to-face meeting is February 2022.

3.4. OPPORTUNITIES
Nothing new to report.

3.5. WORK PROGRAM PRIORITIES
WG21 intends to continue working on new language and/or library extensions with a view to publishing multiple TSes and then another new JTC1.22.14882 IS in 2020.

4. OTHER ITEMS

4.1. POSSIBLE ACTION REQUESTS AT FORTHCOMING PLENARY
WG 21 wishes a New Work Item / New Project for Technical Specification for Concurrency Extensions
2. A NWI/NP has been submitted to SC22 Secretariat.

Project editor: Michael Wong (Canada)

Target publication date: 2024-07-01 (36 months)
DTS ballot target: 2024-01-01

WG 21 wishes to revise IS 14882 for its regular three-year revision, aka "C++23."
Scope: Not expanded
Project editor: Thomas Köppe (US)
Target publication date: 2023-10-01 (36 months)
DIS ballot target: 2023-03-01

4.2 PROJECT EDITORS
The following individuals have been appointed project editors and backups.

Currently active projects:

- JTC1.22.14882, Programming Language C++:
  - Richard Smith (editor)
  - Thomas Köppe (backup)
  - Jens Maurer (backup)
  - Dawn Perchik (backup)
- JTC1.22.19568: Library Fundamentals
  - Thomas Köppe (editor)
  - Jeffrey Yasskin (backup)
- JTC1.22.23619: Reflection
  - David Sankel (editor)

Complete projects:

- JTC1.22.14882:1998 and :2003, Programming Language C++:
  - Andrew Koenig (editor)
  - Tom Plum (backup)
- JTC1.22.14882:2011, Programming Language C++:
  - Pete Becker (editor)
  - Lawrence Crowl (backup)
  - Tom Plum (former backup, until 2006)
- JTC1.22.14882:2014, Programming Language C++:
  - Stefanus Du Toit (editor)
  - Lawrence Crowl (backup)
- JTC1.22.14882:2017, Programming Language C++:
  - Richard Smith (editor)
Thomas Köppe (backup)

- JTC1.22.14882:2020, Programming Language C++:
  - Richard Smith (editor)
  - Thomas Köppe (backup)
- JTC1.22.18015, Technical Report on C++ Performance
  - Lois Goldthwaite (editor)
  - Detlef Vollmann (backup)
  - Martin O’Riordan (former editor, until 2003)
- JTC1.22.18822: File System Library
  - Beman Dawes (editor)
  - Stefanus Du Toit (backup)
- JTC1.22.19217: Concepts
  - Andrew Sutton (editor)
- JTC1.22.19570: Parallelism
  - Jared Hoberock (editor)
- JTC1.22.19768, Technical Report on C++ Library Extensions
  - Matt Austern (editor)
  - Pete Becker (backup)
- JTC1.22.21544: Modules
  - Gabriel Dos Reis (editor)
- JTC1.22.24733, Technical Report on Extensions to Support Decimal Floating Point Arithmetic
  - Robert Klarer (editor)
  - Pete Becker (backup)
- JTC1.22.29124 Programming Language C++ - Special Math Functions
  - Walter Brown (editor)
  - Pete Becker (backup)
- JTC1.22.19216: Networking
  - Jonathan Wakely (editor)
- JTC1.22.19571: Concurrency
  - Michael Wong (editor)
- JTC1.22.21425: Ranges
  - Casey Carter (editor)

Cancelled projects:
- JTC1.22.19569: Arrays
  - Lawrence Crowl (editor)
- JTC1.22.24737, Technical Report on C++ Library Extensions
4.3. ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION

WG21 has conducted much of its detailed technical discussion using the email lists provided by the Standard C++ Foundation via isocpp.org.

WG21 uses a secure wiki maintained by Edison Design Group. This secure wiki is used for quick exchange of documents during and between meetings.

WG21 is now providing all the appropriate committee documents electronically, eliminating the need for paper mailings.

4.4. RECENT MEETINGS

See isocpp.org/std/meetings-and-participation/upcoming-meetings for a list of recent and future meetings.