P1706R2: Programming Language Vulnerabilities for Safety Critical C++

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Project: ISO JTC1/SC22/WG21: Programming Language C++

Audience: SG12, WG21, WG23, MISRA

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Introduction

This document describes the continuing work of reviewing MISRA and WG23 Programming Vulnerabilities in C++ document in WG21, in SG12.

Revision History

R2: this revision, covers work from Belfast where we considered MISRA rules as well as several additional WG23 rules

R1: 2019-10-07 (Belfast mailing) detailing work done so far in collaboration with WG23 and intention to work with MISRA

R0: initial version describing charter with WG23 and work status links

Motivation and Background

WG23 is an ISO WG under SC22 that looks at programming vulnerabilities of various languages. Since 2017, WG23 has requested a liaison withWG21 to closely collaborate on their work of documenting programming vulnerabilities for C++. This was shown in a presentation [N0729] in the July 2017 WG23 meeting where the background, history of WG23 was presented to SG12. A request was made to WG21 to lead with the documentation of vulnerabilities in C++, so as to ensure their accurate representation using WG21's technical expertise.

This was accepted using a co-located meeting format where WG23 members was to attend WG21 meetings. SG12's charter was expanded from Undefined Behavior and Unspecified Behavior to add Vulnerabilities to the title

SG 12 basically agreed that WG 21 needs to do something about vulnerabilities. It was pointed out that even Ada, widely acknowledged to be a "safe" language, acknowledges 50 of the 63 language-defined vulnerabilities. The goals of this is to work together and not work to make C++ look bad. We are not specifying subsets or what language features to avoid, simply pointing out how vulnerabilities occur and giving guidance. [N0730]

Since then, we have added MISRA C++ to the review process.

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As a result these co-located meeting has been occurring in SG12 in every WG21 meeting. This is a report of its progress.

There is now recent work towards an exploratory group for C++ Safety Critical in CPPCON 2019[cppcon].

At the Belfast meeting, we proceeded with examining MISRA C++ draft in a co-located manne and will continue in Prague.

Impact on the Standard

The result of this is a WG23 document that specifically updates on C++ Programming Vulnerabilities guidelines, along with those from Ada, C, Fortran, etc. These are most of the languages under SC22. We have also been feeding back new findings from this joing WG23/SG12 meeting back to update Core Guidelines.

It will also result in a MISRA C++ updated document that tracks more closely to C++14/17/20 and future revisions.

The goal is to have an active group reviewing various Safety and Vulnerabilities documents and improve them for their accurate portrayals. In future, this will include MISRA C++/AUTOSAR C++ guidelines which is also actively revising their documents. As the various Standards change, we will also need to continue updates. This is still a WIP.

Proposals

MISRA

At Belfast meeting, we had a full meeting with MISRA which we plan to continue in Prague. The minutes are here:

N0904: Meeting notes from WG 21/SG 12 meeting with MISRA C++

At this point, MISRA is proceeding with a proposed release and update of the MISRA 2008 Standard which was based on C++98, with intention to update to C++14/17. We discussed issues of:

- Example of single exit
- Example of dead code vs unused code
- Braced-initialization {}
- two rules that conflict:
 - Every switch will have a default
 - No unreachable code
- We propose a single rule that says that every value of an enum must be covered by a switch alternative (no default)

WG23

Since July 2017, we have held regular meetings. These are the documents that we have generated in WG23. All are located in the WG23 repository:

http://www.open-std.org/JTC1/SC22/WG23/docs/documents

The latest WG23 progress since the Belfast meeting is here:

N0908: TR 24772-10 C++ language vulnerabilities after meeting 66 with WG 21/SG 12

For N0908, the following clauses are essentially completed.

- · 6.2 type system
- 6.3 Bit representation
- 6.4 Floating Point
- 6.5 Enumerator issues [CCB],
- 6.6 Conversion errors

- 6.7 String termination
- 6.8 Buffer boundary violation
- 6.9 Unchecked array indexing
- 6.10 Unchecked array copying (needs to be revisited)
- 6.11 Pointer type conversions
- 6.12 Pointer arithmetic
- · 6.13 Null pointer dereference [XYH],
- 6.14 Dangling reference to heap
- · 6.15 Arithmetic wrap-around error
- 6.16 Using shift operations for multiplication and division
- · 6.17 Choice of clear names [NAI]
- 6.18 Dead Store
- 6.19 Unused variables
- 6.20 Identifier name reuse
- 6.21 Namespace Issues
- 6.22 Initialization of variables [LAV]
- 6.23 Operator precedence and associativity
- 6.24 Side effects and order of evaluation
- · 6.25 Likely incorrect expression
- · 6.26 Dead store,
- 6.27 Switch statements and static analysis
- · 6.28 Demarcation of control flow
- · 6.29 Loop control variables
- · 6.30 Off-by-one errors
- 6.31 Structured programming
- 6.32 Passing parameters and return values
- 6.33 Dangling references to stack frames
- · 6.34 Subprogram signature mismatch

- · 6.35 Recursion
- 6.36 Ignored error status and unhandled exceptions
- 6.37 Type breaking reinterpretation of data
- 6.38 Deep vs shallow copying [YAN]
- 6.39 Memory leak and heap fragmentation
- · 6.41 Inheritance
- 6.42 Violations of the Liskov substitution principle
- 6.43 Redispatching
- 6.44 Polymorphic variables
- 6.45 Extra intrinsics
- 6.46 Argument passing to library functions
- · 6.47 Inter-language calling
- 6.48 Dynamically-linked code and self-modifying code [NYY]
- 6.49 Library Signature
- 6.50 Unanticipated exceptions from library routines
- 6.51 Pre-processor directives
- 6.52 Suppression of language-defined run-time checking
- 6.53 Provision of inherently unsafe operations
- 6.54 Obscure language features
- · 6.55 Unspecified behaviour
- 6.56 Undefined behaviour
- · 6.57 Implementation-defined behaviour
- 6.58 Deprecated language features
- · 6.59 Concurrency -- Activation
- · 6.60 Concurrency Directed termination
- 6.64 Uncontrolled format string

- · 6.40 Templates and generics
- · 6.61 Concurrent data access
- · 6.62 Concurrency Premature termination
- · 6.63 Protocol lock errors

This is in comparison to the previous document work of

N0885: <u>TR</u> <u>24772-10 C++ language vulnerabilities after WG 23 meeting 63 with edits by S. Michell</u>

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TBD

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Acknowledgements

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References

[N0729]

http://www.open-std.org/JTC1/SC22/WG23/docs/ISO-IECJTC1-SC22-WG23_N0729-presentation-WG21-programming-language-vulnerabilities-20170713.ppt

[N0730]

http://www.open-std.org/JTC1/SC22/WG23/docs/ISO-IECJTC1-SC22-WG23_N0730-report-from-SC22-WG21-SG12-meeting-20170713.docx

[N0766]

http://www.open-std.org/JTC1/SC22/WG23/docs/ISO-IECJTC1-SC22-WG23_N0766-possible-liaison-statement-WG23-WG21-SG12.zip

[N0885] TR 24772-10 C++ language vulnerabilities after WG 23 meeting 63 with edits by S. Michell

[cppcon] Bryce Lelbach cpp-safety-critical google group; Private Communication.