Better Names for Parallel Execution Policies in C++17

1 Abstract

The parallel algorithms from the first parallelism technical specification were voted into the C++ working draft in Jacksonville during the March 2016 WG21 meeting. The type of parallelism implemented by each algorithm is specified using an execution policy argument of type sequential_execution_policy, parallel_execution_policy, or parallel_vector_execution_policy. Singleton constants of these types are named sequential (abbreviated seq in the TS but spelled out in the C++ WD), par, and par_vec, all in the std namespace.

This paper explores the possibility of choosing better names for these execution policies as well as those defined in the Vector and Wavefront Policies paper, P0076, targeted for the next revision of the TS. The goal is to choose appropriate names that do not conflict with other uses of similar names and which are consistent between current and future execution policies.

The changes proposed here are targeted for C++17.

2 Motivation

The current WD for C++17 defines three execution policy types with corresponding singleton constants using abbreviated names. In P0076, which was forwarded from SG1 to LEWG in Jacksonville, we propose two more policies, for a total of five policies, each with its corresponding singleton object having an abbreviated name:
There are several issues here. The seq object from the parallelism TS was renamed to sequential in the C++17 working draft. Presumably this is because seq, as an abbreviation, can be confused with “sequence” as in “sequence containers”, especially if it is directly within the std namespace (i.e., there is no std::parallel namespace to disambiguate it). However, it was an initial goal that the singleton objects be given short names, to avoid overly-verbose-calls to parallel algorithms. sequential, while not especially long, is nonetheless more than three times as long as seq.

Another problem with sequential is that it clashes with the proposed unseq object. The seq in unseq does not refer to “sequential” but to “sequenced”. Having sequential and unseq in the same set of names is a recipe for confusion.

The current WD defines the parallel_vector_execution_policy and par_vec, which are renamed in P0076 to parallel_unseq_execution_policy and par_unseq. That is because the term vector (and vec) implies certain ordering guarantees that are not implied by parallel_vector (par_vec) term. We should not put a term into the next standard that is already known to be misleading.

For all of the above reasons, we need to improve the naming of our execution policies. Since the policies form P0076 are already in the pipeline, we should be considering a naming scheme that encompasses all five policies and, ideally, will continue to make sense as future policies are added.

### 3 Proposal Overview

There are many different potential naming schemes for execution policies, and some decisions can be made independently of others (such as whether we should have a std::parallel namespace). This paper proposes a single, simple set of names. However, see the Alternatives Considered section, below for an in depth discussion of other possibilities.

I propose that the five known execution policies be named as shown in the following table. All singleton token names in the C++17 WD would be put within the std::execution_policy namespace. The execution_policy namespace prevents naming
conflicts for short names like `ser` and `par`, but also allows the user to bring them into the current scope with a `using` directive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy type name (in namespace <code>std</code>)</th>
<th>Singleton token of that type (in namespace <code>std::execution_policy</code>)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>serial_execution_policy</td>
<td>ser</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parallel_execution_policy</td>
<td>par</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vector_execution_policy (P0076 only)</td>
<td>vec (P0076 only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unsequenced_execution_policy (P0076 only)</td>
<td>unseq (P0076 only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parallel_unsequenced_execution_policy</td>
<td>par_unseq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note that only the first and last rows have been changed from the current C++17 WD, except for the addition of the `execution_policy` namespace (for the column on the right).

**Should the names in the left column be inside namespace `execution_policy` as well?** On the one hand, it makes sense for them to be inside the namespace. On the other hand, their names already end with `execution_policy`.

## 4 Alternatives Considered

### 4.1 Paint the bike shed a different color

There is nothing particularly special about the terms I chose for this proposal. I chose a minimalist approach and addressed the issues by changing `sequence/seq` to `serial/ser`. Here is a (far from exhaustive) list of other possible terms:

- For sequential ordering within a single thread:
  - ordered/ord
  - strict/strict ("str" would be a bad abbreviation, as it would imply "string")
- For unsequenced ordering within a single thread:
  - interleaved/intlv (or inter)
  - unordered/unord
- For the `execution_policy` namespace
  - parallel
  - exec_policy
  - parallel_policy

If anybody wants to advocate strongly for one of these terms, it might be worth having a short bike shed discussion and simple vote. (I personally like “interleaved”, but hate the abbreviations.)
4.2 Keep the old names but change the namespace

The conflicting meanings for seq (“sequential” vs. “sequence”) would probably not be an issue if all of the execution policies were within an execution_policy or parallel namespace. A using directive could be used to avoid being too verbose. This alternative would not address the “sequential” vs. “sequenced” conflict for execution_policy::seq and execution_policy::unseq, however.

4.3 Put some policies into the std::this_thread namespace

Jared Hoberock proposed using std::this_thread as a way of indicating that an execution policy applies to the current thread only. (See reflector message http://lists.isocpp.org/parallel/2016/04/0153.php. Note that the archive discarded all of the newlines from this message, so it is probably better to read my reply, http://lists.isocpp.org/parallel/2016/04/0210.php, which includes Jared’s message at the bottom.) According to Jared’s proposal, the five execution policy tokens would be:

```cpp
std::this_thread::seq
std::this_thread::vec
std::this_thread::unordered
std::par
std::unordered
```

It is not clear to me whether Jared would put the execution policy names themselves in the this_thread namespace (e.g., std::this_thread::sequential_execution_policy) or just the short token names. This proposal has some charm; I like the information communicated by the use of this_thread. However, I don’t think it adds enough benefit to overcome some of its deficiencies.

My main objection to Jared’s naming proposal is that it implies a certain orthogonality that isn’t really there. Only unordered appears in both namespaces. The “ordered within a single thread” primitive policy is named seq in the std::this_thread namespace but par in the other namespace. It is far from obvious that std::unordered expresses any parallelism at all, whereas renaming it to std::par_unordered would solve that problem and result in five unique names, obviating the need to spread them across two namespaces. There is no single using directive that would make all of the execution policies available without a name conflict.

This use of namespaces would also be redundant if we accept some version of N4406, which proposes a mechanism for specifying executors as part of execution policies. Once you have a single-thread executor, there is no need to put a single-thread execution policy into a separate namespace. There are more than two dimensions to the execution policy (concurrency, ordering guarantees, and type of threading, to name three), and they are not orthogonal, so any attempt to express them using a naming convention will necessarily be incomplete. For a handful of execution policies, it seems like overkill. I go into much more detail about these objections in my response to Jared’s reflector post.

5 Formal Wording

All section names and numbers are relative to the March 2016 working draft, N4582.
In section 20.18.2 [execpol.syn], add an `execution_policy` namespace and rename the execution policies:

### 20.18.2 Header `<execution_policy>` synopsis [execpol.syn]

```cpp
namespace std {
    // 20.18.3, execution policy type trait:
    template<class T> struct is_execution_policy;
    template<class T>
        constexpr bool is_execution_policy_v = is_execution_policy<T>::value;

    // 20.18.4, sequential `serial` execution policy:
    class sequential_serial_execution_policy;

    // 20.18.5, parallel execution policy:
    class parallel_execution_policy;

    // 20.18.6, parallel+vector `unsequenced` execution policy:
    class parallel_vector_unsequenced_execution_policy;

    namespace execution_policy {
        // 20.18.7, execution policy objects:
        constexpr sequential_serial_execution_policy sequential_ser{ unspecified };
        constexpr parallel_execution_policy par{ unspecified };
        constexpr parallel_vector_unsequenced_execution_policy par_vec_unseq{ unspecified };
    }
}
```

Throughout the remainder of the WD, replace occurrences of `sequential_execution_policy` with `serial_execution_policy`, replace occurrences of `parallel_vector_execution_policy` with `parallel_unsequence_execution_policy`, and replace occurrences of `seq`, `par`, or `par_vec` with `execution_policy::ser`, `execution_policy::par`, and `execution_policy::unseq`, respectively.

### 6 References

- **P0076R2** Vector and Wavefront Policies, Arch Robison, Pablo Halpern, Robert Geva, Clark Nelson, Jens Maurer, 2016-05.


- **N4406** Integrating Executors with Parallel Algorithm Execution, Jared Hoberock, Michael Garland, Olivier Giroux, 2015-04-10

### 7 Acknowledgements

Thanks to Jared Hoberock for contributing his ideas on this subject.