

s/bound/extent/

Document #: WG21 N3549
Date: 2013-03-12
Revises: None
Project: JTC1.22.32 Programming Language C++
Reply to: Walter E. Brown <webrown.cpp@gmail.com>

Contents

1	Proposal	1
2	Proposed wording	2
3	Acknowledgments	2
4	Bibliography	2
5	Revision history	3

Abstract

The C++11 standard uses two distinct terms of art to denote an array's number of elements. For the sake of consistency, as well as improved technical accuracy, this paper proposes to adopt a single term of art throughout the standard.

1 Proposal

As we all know, a C++ array declaration typically takes the form $\mathbf{T\ a}[N]$. In such a declaration, “The constant expression specifies the *bound* of (number of elements in) the array. If the value of the constant expression is N , the array has N elements numbered 0 to $N - 1 \dots$ ” [dcl.array]/1.

Although this wording has been in place for a very long time, the nomenclature remains inconsistent with standard practice in very many (if not most) areas of computing. What C++ historically terms a *bound* is more commonly known as an *extent*. For example, Cray's Fortran Language Reference Manual, Volume 1, provides the following definitions under the heading “Array Terminology”:¹

An array consists of elements that extend in one or more dimensions to represent columns, rows, planes, and so on. . . . The number of dimensions in an array is called the *rank* of the array. The number of elements in a dimension is called the *extent* of the array in that dimension. . . . The *size* of an array is the product of the extents; that is, it is the total number of elements in the array.

Even in our own C++11 standard library, the corresponding type property query trait is named **extent** [meta.unary.prop.query], and the array modification traits are named **remove_extent** and **remove_all_extents** [meta.query].

We propose to restore consistency within the standard by clarifying the relationship between an array's (lower and upper) bounds and its extent. The usual formula seems perfectly applicable to C++: $extent = ubound - lbound + 1$. As a bonus, such a definition makes meaningful the phrase

¹ <http://docs.cray.com/books/S-3692-51/html-S-3692-51/ju1vlchri.html>

“out of bounds”; it seems somewhat embarrassing to have a *bound* that exceeds the upper bound and so denotes an out of bounds value.

2 Proposed wording

All proposed wording is relative to WG21 draft [DuT12]. Green text is to be added; text in red is to be removed. Editorial instructions and notes are displayed against a gray background.

1. Edit [dcl.array]/1:
 ... The constant expression specifies the array's *bound extent* of (number of elements ~~in~~) ~~the array~~. If the value of the constant expression is N , the array has N elements numbered 0 (the *lower bound*) to $N-1$ (the *upper bound*) ... [dcl.array]/1.
2. Edit [dcl.array]/2:
 ... only the first of the constant expressions that specify the *bounds extents* of the arrays may be omitted. In addition to declarations in which an incomplete object type is allowed, an array *bound extent* may be omitted in some cases in the declaration of a function parameter (8.3.5). An array *bound extent* may also be omitted when the declarator is followed by an *initializer* (8.5). In this case the *bound extent* is calculated from the number of initial elements (say, N) supplied (8.5.1), and the type of the identifier of D is “array of N T .” Furthermore, if there is a preceding declaration of the entity in the same scope in which the *bound extent* was specified, an omitted array *bound extent* is taken to be the same as in that earlier declaration, and similarly for the definition of a static data member of a class.
3. Apply the change “//OK: *bound extent is 10*” 2× in [dcl.array]/4.
4. Apply the change “~~__bound~~ *__extent*” 2× in [stmt.ranged]/4.
5. Apply the change “different *bound extent*” in [temp.static]/2.
6. Apply the changes “the *bound extent* (8.3.4) of the ~~i th~~ i^{th} dimension of T ” in [Table 50].
7. Apply the change “array *bounds extents*” 3× throughout the draft.
8. Apply the change “array *bound extent*” 8× more throughout the draft.
9. Apply the change “unknown *bound extent*” 38× throughout the draft.

3 Acknowledgments

Many thanks to the readers of early drafts of this paper for their helpful feedback.

4 Bibliography

- [DuT12] Stefanus Du Toit: “Working Draft, Standard for Programming Language C++.” ISO/IEC JTC1/SC22/WG21 document N3485 (post-Portland mailing), 2012-11-02.
<http://www.open-std.org/jtc1/sc22/wg21/docs/papers/2012/n3485.pdf>.

5 Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes
1.0	2013-03-12	• Published as N3549.